

68<sup>th</sup> REGIMENT OF *Light Infantry*

ACCOUNT BOOK

OF

*George Barber*

No. *760*

*Every Entry in this Book, after the Paymaster has inserted the necessary particulars from the Attestation, is to be made under the Inspection of the Officer Commanding the Troop or Company to which the Man belongs, and any Entry regarding Promotion, Wounds, or Distinguished Conduct, is to be in the Hand-writing of, and signed by, the Officer.*



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1st. If discharged in consequence of being rendered incapable of further service by Wounds or Injuries received in Action, a Pension agreeably to a scale, varying in amount according to the severity of the wound and the degree of the disability, as follows:—

	<i>s. d. s. d.</i>	}	In cases of extreme suffering from wounds received in action by Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers of long service, or gallant conduct in the field, an addition of 6d. a day, as Her Majesty's Royal Bounty, may be made to these rates.
Private from 0 8 to 2 0 a day for life,			
Corporal „ 1 0 „ 2 4 „			
Sergeant „ 1 3 „ 3 0 „			

2nd. If discharged for total Blindness, from unavoidable causes other than wounds, but clearly attributable to the military service alone, the Pension will be as follows:—

	<i>s. d. s. d.</i>	}	If discharged after 14 years' Infantry, or 17 years' Cavalry service, with a constitution impaired by Colonial service, besides total Blindness, the rate may be increased,— For a Non-commissioned Officer - - - 4d. a day. For a Private - - - 3d. „
Private, from 0 9 to 1 0 a day			
Corporal „ 1 0 „ 1 3 „			
Sergeant „ 1 3 „ 2 0 „			

having served as a Non-commissioned Officer 10 years, and not less than 5 years as a Sergeant.

3rd. If discharged previously to completing 21 years' service in the Infantry, or 24 years' service in the Cavalry, for disability contracted in and by the Service, Pension may be granted as follows:—

To a Sergeant, Corporal, or Private, his service being—	}	Temporary Pension of 6d. a day, for a period, varying—
Under 7 years - - - - -		from 1 to 18 months.
Above 7, and under 10 years - - - - -		„ 1 „ 2 years.
Above 10, but under 14 years in the Infantry, or 17 in the Cavalry - - - - -		„ 2 „ 3 „

If the service be above 14, but under 21 years in the Infantry, or above 17 but under 24 years in the Cavalry. { Permanent or conditional Pension, at a rate varying—

from 9d. to 1s. 3d. a day for a Sergeant	
„ 7 „ 1 0 „	Corporal
„ 6 „ 0 9 „	Private.

But the Sergeant or Corporal, to obtain Pension as such, must hold that rank at the time of his discharge, and have served at least 5 years as a Non-commissioned Officer.

4th. If discharged after completing 21 years' service in the Infantry, or 24 years' in the Cavalry, at their own request, or for the public service:—

Privates - - - 8d. to 1s. a day.

The increase from the minimum shall be in each case  $\frac{1}{4}$ d. a day for every year of actual service completed beyond 21 years in the Infantry, or 24 years in the Cavalry, but in no case shall the maximum be exceeded, except by the addition of reward for Good Conduct.

Non-commissioned Officers shall have their Pensions computed according to their service after 18 years of age, at the same rate as Privates, with the following addition for every year of service as Non-commissioned Officers:—

	<i>d.</i>	}	Total pension not to exceed	<i>s. d.</i>
Sergeants-Major - - - - -	2½			2 6
Quarter-Master Sergeants - - - - -	2	}	sion not to exceed	2 3
Troop Sergeants-Major, Colour Sergeants, Sergeants - - - - -	1			2 0
Corporals - - - - -	0½			1 6

Provided always, that the Non-commissioned Officer shall have served 24 years in the Cavalry, or 21 years in the Infantry, and shall have been discharged as a Non-commissioned Officer, having served without interruption as such for the three years immediately preceding his discharge.

Non-commissioned Officers discharged subsequently to 8th May, 1851, having served as such uninterruptedly for one year, or more, immediately preceding their discharge, have the option of having their pensions computed as Privates, with the addition of Good Conduct Rewards, or as Privates, with the addition of service as Non-commissioned Officer.

5th. To Soldiers discharged after 21 years' service in the Infantry or 24 years' service in the Cavalry, for disabilities contracted in and by the service which not only unfit them for the ordinary duties of Soldiers, but which render them incapable of earning a livelihood, a temporary increase of Pension may be granted according to the following rates:—

To a Private - - - - -	3d. a day.
Corporal - - - - -	4 „
Sergeant - - - - -	6 „

Such increase is, however, only to be granted for one year, and to be renewed thereafter, if thought proper, on evidence of the Pensioner's continued incapacity to earn a livelihood.

The aggregate Pension of a Private (including Good Conduct Pay) is not to exceed 1s. 3d., of a Corporal 1s. 6d., and of a Sergeant 2s.

#### Gratuities with Pensions to meritorious Soldiers.

A Gratuity, for Good Conduct, in addition to the ordinary Pension, may be granted upon discharge to certain men, who shall have served 21 years in the Infantry, or 24 years in the Cavalry.

The Gratuity to a Sergeant, who shall have served 10 years as such, may be - - - - -	15
To a Corporal, who shall have served 7 years as such 10	
To a Private - - - - -	5

The Commanding Officer of every Regiment may annually recommend such individuals while serving, as he shall consider will be best entitled to this Gratuity when discharged, but the amount to be granted in any one year is not to exceed the undermentioned sums, viz.—

For a Regiment of an establishment of 700 rank and £ file and upwards - - - - -	30
Ditto, under 700 rank and file - - - - -	20

The men to be recommended, must have completed 21 years of Actual Service in the Infantry, or 24 years of Actual Service in the Cavalry; have never been convicted by a Court-martial; and must have borne an irreproachable character; or, if not coming strictly within these latter conditions, must have particularly distinguished themselves by gallantry and zeal in the Service.

Soldiers recommended for the Gratuities above mentioned shall, upon the Commander-in-Chief's approval, be entitled to wear a Silver Medal, having on one side the words, "For Long Service and Good Conduct," and on the other side, the Royal Arms, with the name and rank of the Soldier. This Medal will be delivered to the Soldier on parade by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, and shall be worn by the Soldier during the remainder of his service.

If circumstances should prevent the discharged Soldier from receiving the Medal at the Regiment, it will be delivered to him in such other manner as the Commander-in-Chief shall think fit.

*Good Conduct Pay with Pension.*

Private Soldiers who shall have been in uninterrupted possession of Good Conduct Pay, with one or more distinguishing Marks, for six months immediately preceding their discharge, shall have the full rate of such Good Conduct Pay added to the rate of Pension, whether temporary or permanent, to which they are otherwise entitled; but the maximum shall not exceed 1s. 3d.

Corporals being entitled to an addition to the Pension of a Private of  $\frac{1}{2}$  d. a day for every year they have served as Corporal, are not entitled also to have their Good Conduct Pay added to their Pension on discharge; but it is at their option to have their Pensions computed as Privates with the addition of Good Conduct Pay, or with the addition for Service as Corporal; but the maximum shall not exceed 1s. 6d.

Soldiers who shall have been in the uninterrupted possession of Good Conduct Pay for at least six months immediately preceding their discharge for disability, or by reduction, without claims to Pension, or with only temporary or conditional Pensions, shall have their names registered at Chelsea Hospital; and upon their attaining fifty years of age, shall receive, as a reward for their former Good Conduct, a Pension—

If discharged with one Distinguishing Mark, of - - - - - 4d. a day.

If discharged after having been 12 months in possession

of two Distinguishing Marks - - - - - 5 "

If discharged in possession of three Distinguishing Marks 6 "

The like reward on the same terms is extended also to Soldiers in possession of Distinguishing Marks, who obtain free discharge after 14 years' service, on the conditions undermentioned.

*Discharges by Purchase—Free Discharges with Claims to Deferred Pension—and for Soldiers settling in the Colonies with Gratuities.*

Soldiers may be allowed to purchase or obtain their discharge upon the following conditions:—

	Cavalry.	Infantry.
	£.	£.
Under 7 years' actual service, without a Distinguishing Mark	30	20
Ditto, with 1 Distinguishing Mark - - - - -	25	18
After 7 years' actual service, without a Distinguishing Mark - - - - -	25	18
Ditto, with 1 Distinguishing Mark - - - - -	20	15
After 10 years' actual service, without a Distinguishing Mark	21	15
Ditto, with 1 Distinguishing Mark - - - - -	15	10
Ditto, with 2 Distinguishing Marks - - - - -	10	5
After 12 years' actual service, without a Distinguishing Mark	15	10
Ditto, with 1 Distinguishing Mark - - - - -	10	5
After 12 years' actual service, without a Distinguishing Mark	5	free
Ditto, with 2 Distinguishing Marks - - - - -	12	5
After 14 years' actual service, without a Distinguishing Mark	5	free
Ditto, with 1 Distinguishing Mark - - - - -	5	free
Ditto, with 2 Distinguishing Marks - - - - -	5	free
After 16 years' actual service, with 1 Distinguishing Mark	5	free
After 15 years' actual service, with 3 Distinguishing Marks - - - - -	5	free
After 16 years' actual service, with 2 Distinguishing Marks, having possessed the second at least 12 months - - - - -	5	free
After 15 years' actual service, without a Distinguishing Mark	6	free.
After 16 years' actual service, with 2 Distinguishing Mark	6	—

Free, with right of registry for deferred Pensions of 6d. a day, on attaining 50 years of age.

Free, with right of registry for deferred Pensions of 6d. a day, on attaining 50 years of age.

6 free.

If Non-Commissioned Officers above the rank of Corporal be permitted to purchase their discharges, or to obtain free discharges at their own request, they will be admitted to the same benefits as are granted to Corporals and Privates discharged in like manner with Distinguishing Marks.

When a Soldier, enlisted subsequently to 1st March, 1833, obtains a free discharge at his own request, with permission to settle in any of Her Majesty's Colonies, under instructions issued by the Secretary of State, he may be allowed, by the Secretary-at-War, a Gratuity according to the following Scale; to be paid to him only in the Colony in which he proposes to settle, and in such manner and at such times, within eighteen months after his arrival, as shall be deemed best for his interests by the General Officer in command of the Station, or by the Governor of the Colony.

After Service in the		Private.	Corp.	Serj.
Cavalry,	Infantry,	£	£	£
Of 15 years	12 years	10	15	20
17	14	12	18	24
18	15	14	20	28
19	16	16	24	32
20	17	18	27	36
21	18	20	30	40
22	19	24	36	48

Provided that, in the case of the Corporal or Sergeant, he shall have served continuously, for five years immediately preceding his discharge, in the rank he held at the time of his discharge.

When a grant of land in the Colonies is made in addition to free discharge, the precise terms of the grant, and the most advantageous mode of paying the Gratuity, shall be clearly explained to the Soldier before he receives his discharge, and shall be registered in the Regimental Records. To the discharged Soldier who has been settled three months, and is actually residing on his grant, and industriously employed in clearing it, the Governor, under authority from the Secretary-at-War, may order the issue of a quarter's pension at 6d. a day, and may from time to time renew such issue, but not to an extent exceeding one year in the whole.

In all cases of free discharge, not less than thirty days, for the purpose of giving the Soldier time for deliberation, shall elapse between the Soldier's application and the Commanding Officer's consent to recommend the discharge; and the prospect of permanent Pension, which the Soldier will forfeit by accepting a free discharge at his own request, shall be clearly explained to him.

*Re-enlistment.*

A soldier, if permitted to re-enlist within three years after discharge on disbandment or reduction, or for disability, shall reckon his former service, if on being re-attested he declare the same and the cause of his discharge.

If a soldier re-enlist within six months after discharge by purchase, or at his request, or upon the expiration of the first period of his limited service, he shall reckon his former service, if his Commanding Officer, at the end of one year after his re-enlistment, recommend him for such indulgence on account of good conduct; and provided also, that on being re-attested, he declared his former service, and the cause of his discharge.

FORFEITURE OF GOOD CONDUCT PAY AND DISTINGUISHING MARKS, AND OF CLAIM TO PENSION.

THE commission of any offence which shall impose the necessity of recording a Soldier in the Regimental Defaulters' Book will, if he be not already in possession of Good Conduct Pay, or of Honorary Marks of Distinction, render him ineligible for the same for two years from the date of such offence; and if he be already in possession of the said pay and distinction, will subject him to the loss thereof for one year; whilst a second offence, recorded within 12 months, will require two years of uninterrupted good conduct in order to obtain a restoration of such reward. A Soldier with two or more Distinguishing Marks, forfeits one of such Marks, besides his Good Conduct Pay, for one year for each offence; and if he shall forfeit all his Distinguishing Marks and Good Conduct Pay, he can only recover the same by subsequently serving, with uninterrupted good conduct, two years for each Mark and each Penny.

Whilst the Soldier is fully apprised of the benefits to be obtained by Her Majesty's benevolence and gracious consideration towards the deserving Soldier, he must be equally aware, that any attempt on his part to obtain those benefits by unworthy means will be attended with the forfeiture of his claim, it being provided in the Articles of War, that any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, who, by any false statement or document, or concealment of the truth, shall attempt to obtain for himself, or other person, a Pension, Gratuity, or Discharge, or who shall be privy to a false entry in any book or document whatever, recording, or relating to, the Services, Character, or Conduct of a Soldier, or who, by producing a false certificate, voucher, or account, shall misapply the Public Money, or shall attempt to evade the true spirit and meaning of the Orders and Regulations relating to these points, shall, on proof thereof before a Court-martial, be liable to *Imprisonment with Hard Labour and Solitary Confinement*, or to *Corporal Punishment*, and moreover to *Forfeiture of all Claim to additional Pay* whilst serving, and to *Pension on Discharge*.

REGIMENTAL SAVINGS BANKS.

To encourage habits of temperance and economy, and to enable the Soldier to make a further provision for his comfort on quitting the Service, Her Majesty's Warrant of the 1st July, 1848, affords him the readiest means of accumulating his savings, by authorizing the payment of interest at the rate of 3*l.* 15*s.* a year upon every hundred pounds, or of 9*d.* a year upon every pound sterling, deposited by him in the Regimental Savings Bank, provided the amount so deposited shall not exceed 30*l.* in any one year, and 200*l.* in the whole.

The Soldier will receive from the Captain of his troop or company every facility in depositing his savings, and in withdrawing his deposits in whole or in part.

Upon the discharge of a Soldier his deposits may remain in the Regimental Savings Bank at interest for a period not exceeding six months, after which, if the Soldier for his own convenience requires it, the amount will be retained for him, but without interest.

Upon the death of a Soldier all interest upon his deposits will cease, and the amount of principal and interest then due will be paid as he shall direct by his Will, or if he die without a Will, to his next of kin.

The Regimental Savings Bank having been established solely for the advantage of the Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers of the Army, any money belonging to other persons, whether in military employ or not, which may be deposited by a Soldier in his own name, will be forfeited.

The money in deposit belonging to any Soldier who shall be convicted of desertion, or of felony, will also be forfeited.

ARTICLES OF WAR.

OBEDIENCE IS THE FIRST DUTY OF A SOLDIER.

FOR the following Offences the Articles of War inflict on the Soldier the penalty of *Death*, *Transportation*, or such other punishment as a Court-martial may award:—

- Mutiny.
- Desertion.

Cowardice.  
 Holding Correspondence with the Enemy.  
 Quitting his Post in search of Plunder.  
 Personal violence to a Superior, or disobedience of his Lawful Commands.  
 Forcing a Safe Guard.  
 Betraying the Watchword.  
 Giving false Alarms.  
 Casting away Arms or Ammunition.  
 Sleeping on, or quitting his Post.

A Soldier if convicted of Desertion or Felony, forfeits his Claim to reckon his previous service towards *Additional Pay* while serving and to *Pension on Discharge*.

A Soldier embezzling or fraudulently misapplying Money or Stores, is liable to be *Transported* as a Felon for *Life*.

For the following Offences a Soldier is liable to be punished by *Imprisonment*, with or without Hard Labour, and by Solitary Confinement during a Portion of such Imprisonment, or by *Corporal Punishment*, and, in addition to any other Punishment, by Forfeiture of *Additional Pay* whilst serving, and of all claim to *Pension on Discharge*.

Using traitorous words against the Queen or Royal Family.

Persuading to desert, or harbouring a Deserter.

Being Drunk on Duty.

Breaking Arrest.

Giving a different Watchword.

Spreading false reports in the Field.

In Action, or Previous to action, using words tending to create alarm.

Quitting Ranks without leave.

Being made Prisoner by neglect.

Seizing Supplies.

*Disgraceful and vicious* Conduct.

Refusing Assistance to, or impeding, the Provost Marshal.

Embezzling or misapplying Money or Stores.

For the following Offences, a Soldier is to be punished according to the nature and degree of the offence.

Speaking to the Hurt or Dishonour of the General, or other Commander-in-Chief of the Forces.

Neglect of Orders on Duty.

Hiring another person to do his Duty without authority.

Absence from Parade.

Giving false Alarms at home by discharging Firearms, &c.

Lying out of Quarters.

Being found One Mile from the Camp without leave.

Permitting Baggage Waggons or Carriages to be overloaded.

Selling, losing, or spoiling his Arms, Accoutrements, or Necessaries.

Selling, losing, or ill-treating his Horse.

Committing waste, or destroying Property.

Non-commissioned Officer striking or ill-treating a Soldier.

Vexatious appeal from a Regimental Court-martial.

A Soldier absenting himself without leave, or placed in confinement for a period not exceeding seven days, though not brought by his Commanding Officer to a Court-martial for the Offence, nevertheless forfeits his Pay for the period of such absence or confinement.

Any Non-commissioned Officer, or Soldier, convicted of embezzling or misapplying Money entrusted to him, is to be put under Stoppages till the Money is made good.

A Soldier convicted of malingering, or feigning or producing disease, of injuring his health by vice or intemperance, of absenting himself from Hospital whilst under medical treatment, or of a gross violation of the rules of the Hospital, may be tried for Disgraceful Conduct, and shall be subjected to the pains and penalties attached to that offence; and a Soldier convicted of Disgraceful Conduct, if sentenced to forfeit all Claim to Pension, will further be liable to be discharged with ignominy.

A Soldier who shall become maimed or mutilated by the firing off of his musket, or by any other means, is to be tried

by a Court-martial, and if it be found by the Court that the maiming or mutilating was the effect of design, he shall not be discharged, but shall be employed on Military work. If a Soldier tamper with his eyes, or by vice, intemperance, or misconduct shall cause the total or partial loss of his sight, he shall not be entitled to his Discharge, or to a Pension, but shall be detained in an Eye Infirmary.

A Soldier convicted of having been Four Times Drunk within twelve months, or Twice Drunk when for parade or duty within twelve months, may be deprived of his additional Pay, or of the Allowance in lieu of Beer, for a Period not exceeding two years.

Any Person having been discharged from the Army, who shall re-enlist, and when questioned by the Magistrate, at the time of being attested, shall conceal or misrepresent the cause of his Discharge, shall not reckon his past service, nor be allowed a Pension, if again discharged for Disability.

All Crimes not Capital, and all Disorders and Neglects which Soldiers may be guilty of to the prejudice of Military Discipline, though not specified in the Articles of War, are to be taken cognizance of by Courts-martial, and punished according to the nature and degree of the offence.

But Soldiers who by conviction of Desertion or of Felony have forfeited their claim to reckon Service for Good Conduct Pay, Honorary Marks of Distinction, and Pensions, may after a long course of subsequent good conduct be recommended by their Commanding Officer for the restoration of such Claim.

### COMPLAINTS.

When a Soldier has any complaint to make, he should appeal to the Captain of his Company; his tone and manner should be temperate and respectful; and if he prefers to be accompanied by a Non-commissioned Officer, he should request a Serjeant of the Company to go with him. No Soldier, on any account, is to presume to make a Complaint to his Officer for another Soldier who conceives he is aggrieved; and not more than two Soldiers should approach the Officer to make a complaint at one and the same time.

Soldier's Name and Description.	
<i>10760</i>	<i>George</i> — <i>Sergeant</i>
Enlisted for the	<i>88<sup>th</sup></i> Regiment of <i>Lifeguards</i> on the
<i>23 May 1864</i> at	<i>Leeds</i> in the County of
<i>York</i>	at the age of <i>18</i> years <i>8</i> months.
Born in the Parish of <i>Southwrauld</i>	in or near the Town of
<i>Salifac</i>	in the County of <i>York</i>
Trade or Calling	<i>Sellason</i>
Last permanent Residence,	
Size	<i>5 Feet 5 1/2</i> Inches.
Complexion	<i>Flesh</i>
Eyes	<i>Blue</i>
Hair	<i>Brown</i>
Marks	<i>slight contraction of first joint of middle finger</i> <i>right hand</i>
The Services of the above-named	
prior to his enlistment into the	
Regiment or transfer* into the	Regiment,
are	

\* The cause of Transfer is to be stated.

Religion: "Presbyterian"  
G. Brier

Certified,

W. M. Moberg  
Officer Commanding

Sept 68<sup>re</sup> Regiment.

A Soldier is not to marry without a written sanction, obtained from his Commanding Officer. Should he marry without this sanction, his Wife will not be allowed in Barracks, nor to follow the Regiment, nor will she participate in the indulgences granted to the Wives of other Soldiers.

Soldier's Number. 760

Every Soldier is to communicate to his Friends the number by which he is known in the Regiment, and to acquaint them, that in all inquiries which they make after him, whether addressed to the Regiment or to the War-Office, they are to state such number.

Soldier's Signature.

Whenever a Soldier who cannot write makes his mark in acknowledgment of having received Pay or Allowances, &c., such Mark is to be witnessed.

Amount of Bounty received by the Soldier in Cash	-	£ 1.0.0
Ditto in Necessaries	-	£ 2.0.0
Total Bounty	-	£

The Necessaries to be provided out of the Soldier's Bounty are specified in Her Majesty's Warrant of 1st July, 1848, and the said Necessaries are subsequently to be kept in a due state of repair, or when become unserviceable by fair wear, or when lost or injured through the Soldier's own neglect, are to be replaced by Stoppages from his Pay.

Services Abroad.

Tombac at Anckenah 29 January 1865

Promotions or Reductions in Rank.

Promoted Corporal  
7 Decr 1865  
Admrah [unclear]

If Married, Date and Place of Marriage, and Christian name of Wife.



Children (if any), dates and Places of Birth, and Christian Names.

---

Wounds.

---

Distinguished himself.

---

Cause and Date of becoming Non-effective.

---

THE SOLDIER'S NEXT-OF-KIN NOW LIVING.\*

Nearest Degrees of Relationship.	NAMES.	Latest known Residence.	
		Parish and Town.	County.
1st.	Wife.		
	Children.		
2d.	Father.	<i>Lewis Brien</i>	<i>Southdown Yorkshire</i> <i>J. Wood</i>
	Mother.		
	Brothers and Sisters.		
3d.	Nephews and Nieces, if Children of deceased Brothers or Sisters.		
	Other Relations.		

When a Soldier dies *without leaving a Will*, his effects are apportioned and paid to his surviving Relatives in the nearest degree, in the order above stated, according to the Statute of Distributions; and the Soldier should understand that the insertion of a name in the above Form is not enough to give a title to any part of his effects, unless allowed by the Statute. If the Soldier desire to bequeath his effects otherwise than according to the Statute of Distributions, he should take care to *make his Will*, stating to whom he desires his effects to be given or paid. To ensure that this may be done in a legal manner, Forms of Wills, to be used according to circumstances, are given in the following pages; *but these Forms are in no case to be filled up—they are to serve as models for the Will, to be prepared by or at the instance of the Soldier, on a separate sheet of paper.* Whatever the nature or extent of the bequests, the Forms in regard to names, descriptions, and addresses, and of the attestation and declaration of the Will, are to be fully completed, according to the printed Forms.

\* After insertion any change becoming known is to be duly noted.

## Form of Will, No. 1.

To be used by a Soldier desirous of leaving the whole of his Effects to one Person.

(a) The names of the Soldier to be written at full.

This is the last Will of (a) \_\_\_\_\_

of the \_\_\_\_\_ No. \_\_\_\_\_  
of \_\_\_\_\_ Regiment

After payment of my just debts and funeral expenses,

I give to my (b) \_\_\_\_\_

(c) \_\_\_\_\_

(d) \_\_\_\_\_

absolutely (e) \_\_\_\_\_

the whole of my estate and effects, and everything that I can by law give or dispose of.

In witness whereof, I, the said (f) \_\_\_\_\_

have hereunto set my hand this \_\_\_\_\_

day of \_\_\_\_\_ A.D. 18 \_\_\_\_\_

(g) \_\_\_\_\_

Signed and acknowledged by the said Testator as his last Will in the presence of us, present at the same time, who, in his presence and in the presence of each other, have hereunto subscribed our names as witnesses.

(g) Soldier to sign here, or if he cannot write, to make his mark.

(h) Witnesses to sign here.

(i) Add addresses in full.

(h) \_\_\_\_\_

(i) \_\_\_\_\_

(h) \_\_\_\_\_

(i) \_\_\_\_\_

## DECLARATION of the MEDICAL OFFICER.

I declare that I was present at the execution of this Will, and that \_\_\_\_\_

the Testator, was at that time in a fit state of mind to execute the same.

of the \_\_\_\_\_ Regiment of \_\_\_\_\_

## Form of Will No. 2.

To be used by a Soldier desirous of leaving Legacies to some one or more Persons, and the Residue to another, or others.

(a) The names of the Soldier to be written at full.

This is the last Will of (a) \_\_\_\_\_

No. \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_  
Regiment of \_\_\_\_\_

After payment of my just debts and funeral expenses,

I give to (b) \_\_\_\_\_

(c) \_\_\_\_\_

And I give to (d) \_\_\_\_\_

(e) \_\_\_\_\_

and the rest of my estate and effects, and everything that I can give or dispose of, I give and bequeath absolutely to (f) \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Name the person, and describe him by his place of residence, or in any other way.

(c) Here insert the particular article, or money intended to be given.

(d) Name and describe the person. If to a female, add the words [for her sole and separate use, her receipt alone being a sufficient discharge].

(e) Insert the article or money intended to be given.

(f) [to my wife and children equally], or [to my wife, as to one half, and to my children equally, as to the other half], or [to my children equally], or [to my brothers and sisters equally], or otherwise according as it is wished.

(g) Names of the Soldier to be written at full.

In witness whereof, I, the said (g) \_\_\_\_\_

have hereunto set my hand this \_\_\_\_\_

day of \_\_\_\_\_ A.D. 18 \_\_\_\_\_

(h) \_\_\_\_\_

(h) Soldier to sign here, or if he cannot write, to make his mark.

Signed and acknowledged by the said Testator as his last Will, in the presence of us, present at the same time, who, in his presence and in the presence of each other, have hereunto subscribed our names as witnesses.

(i) Witnesses to sign here.  
(j) Add addresses to full.

(i) \_\_\_\_\_

(j) \_\_\_\_\_

(i) \_\_\_\_\_

(j) \_\_\_\_\_

#### DECLARATION OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER.

I declare that I was present at the execution of this Will, and that

the Testator, was at the time in a fit state of mind to execute the same.

\_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_ Regiment of \_\_\_\_\_

#### Form of Will, No. 3.

To be used by a Soldier desirous of leaving Money to be invested for the Benefit of his Child or Children.

This is the last Will of (a) \_\_\_\_\_

(a) The names of the Soldier to be written at full.

\_\_\_\_\_ No. \_\_\_\_\_

of the \_\_\_\_\_ Regiment

of \_\_\_\_\_

After payment of my just debts and funeral expenses,

(b) Insert "wife," or "friend," or "a relative, in what degree." I give to my (b) \_\_\_\_\_

(c) \_\_\_\_\_

(d) \_\_\_\_\_

(dd) \_\_\_\_\_

(e) \_\_\_\_\_

(f) \_\_\_\_\_

(g) \_\_\_\_\_

(h) \_\_\_\_\_

(i) \_\_\_\_\_

(j) \_\_\_\_\_

(k) \_\_\_\_\_

(l) \_\_\_\_\_

(m) \_\_\_\_\_

(n) \_\_\_\_\_

(o) \_\_\_\_\_

(p) \_\_\_\_\_

(q) \_\_\_\_\_

(r) \_\_\_\_\_

(s) \_\_\_\_\_

(t) \_\_\_\_\_

(u) \_\_\_\_\_

(v) \_\_\_\_\_

(w) \_\_\_\_\_

(x) \_\_\_\_\_

(y) \_\_\_\_\_

(z) \_\_\_\_\_

(aa) \_\_\_\_\_

(ab) \_\_\_\_\_

(ac) \_\_\_\_\_

(ad) \_\_\_\_\_

(ae) \_\_\_\_\_

(af) \_\_\_\_\_

(ag) \_\_\_\_\_

(ah) \_\_\_\_\_

(ai) \_\_\_\_\_

(aj) \_\_\_\_\_

And the rest of my estate and effects, and everything that I can give or dispose of, I desire may be sold, and the proceeds invested under the orders of the Secretary-at-War, for the equal benefit of my children.

In witness whereof, I, the said (g) \_\_\_\_\_

have hereunto set my hand, this \_\_\_\_\_

day of \_\_\_\_\_ A.D. 18 \_\_\_\_\_

(k) \_\_\_\_\_

(k) Soldier to sign here, or if he cannot write, to make his mark.

Signed and acknowledged by the said Testator as his last Will in the presence of us, present at the same time,

who, in his presence and in the presence of each other, have hereunto subscribed our names as witnesses.

(l) Witnesses to sign here.

(l) \_\_\_\_\_

(m) Add addresses to full.

(m) \_\_\_\_\_

(l) \_\_\_\_\_

(m) \_\_\_\_\_

DECLARATION of the MEDICAL OFFICER.

I declare that I was present at the execution of this Will, and that \_\_\_\_\_ the Testator, was at the time in a fit state of mind to execute the same.

of the \_\_\_\_\_ Regiment of \_\_\_\_\_

*General Rules as to Wills.*

1. The Testator must be of the age of twenty-one years.
2. The Will must be in writing, and signed by the Testator with his name, or, if he cannot write, with his mark, in the presence of two Witnesses, who must be present together; and the Will must be made, acknowledged, and attested in the presence of all three.
3. A person to whom money, &c., is left by the Will, should not be an attesting witness, for the gift would not be good.
4. A Will is revoked by the marriage of the Testator, and therefore a new Will ought to be made after marriage, if desired.
5. If any alteration is made in the writing of a Will, the signature of the Testator and of the Witnesses ought to be made in the margin or other part of the Will, opposite to or near such alteration, or at the foot or end of, or opposite to a Memorandum referring to such alteration, and written at the end or some other part of the Will.
6. But an alteration or addition may be made by a *Codicil*, (that is to say, by an addition to the Will), executed and witnessed in the same way as the Will.